

ON HISTORICAL TENDENCIES IN THE GENERAL PICTURE
OF HUMAN DISEASES IN THE NORTH

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At present the necessity for theoretic analysis of human adaptation problem is becoming evident , this problem being closely connected with the increasing influence of social progress upon population health particularly the population living in extremely severe labour-climatic conditions of the North.

The level of population health at different stages of social development is historically known to depend increasingly on socio-hygienic factors. Essential characteristics of population social health within four economic regions of the North were studied from the point of view of history and socio-hygienic science.

On the basis of analysis of historic changes genetic time-links in such phenomena of social health as morbidity, physical development and epidemiology were studied. Revealed by historic presentation of the subject in question objective consistency patterns for general intensity (level) of morbidity, course and termination ,structure and epidemiology of diseases made it possible to understand better the true causes for pathology and its development in the North and to obtain

reliable arguments for working out population health forecast in intensively developing regions of the present-day North.
