



The role of fungal spores in thunderstorm asthma.

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Author: Robert E Dales
Sabit Cakmak
Stan Judek
Tom Dann
Frances Coates
Jeffrey R Brook
Richard T Burnett

Author Affiliation: University of Ottawa Health Research Institute, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada. rdales@ottawahospital.on.ca

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Abstract: To document the existence and investigate the etiology of "thunderstorm asthma," which has been reported sporadically over the past 20 years.
We assessed the relationship between thunderstorms, air pollutants, aeroallergens, and asthma admissions to a children's hospital emergency department over a 6-year period.
During thunderstorm days (n = 151 days) compared to days without thunderstorms (n = 919 days), daily asthma visits increased from 8.6 to 10 (p

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